Citadel Capital Company
(Egyptian Joint Stock Company)

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Separate interim financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2016 &

Review report

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### Review report

# To the Board of Directors of Citadel Capital Company

#### Introduction

We have performed a limited review for the accompanying separate statement of financial position of Citadel Capital Company (Egyptian Joint Stock Company) as at June 30, 2016 and the related separate statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six months then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate interim financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these separate interim financial statements based on our limited review.

### Scope of limited review

We conducted our limited review in accordance with Egyptian Standard on Review Engagements (2410), "Limited Review of Interim Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A limited review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters in the Company, and applying analytical and other limited review procedures. A limited review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Egyptian Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these separate interim financial statements.

#### Conclusion

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Based on our limited review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying separate interim financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2016 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the six months then ended in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards.

KPMS Hazem Hassan
Public Accountants and Consultants

Cairo, October 5, 2016

	Note	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
(All amounts in EGP)			
Assets			
Non - current assets	22.		22 266 164
Available-for-sale investments	(9)	23 766 164	23 766 164 5 304 213 026
Investments in subsidiaries and associates	(10)	5 289 042 516	3 664 191 854
Payments for investments	(11)	3 687 443 454	19 389 452
Fixed assets (net)	(12)	18 354 888	7 070 294
Projects under construction	(13)	9 672 300	256 046 196
Loans to subsidiaries	(14-2/14-3)	297 556 262	468 333
Deferred tax assets	(15)	504 703	
Total non - current assets	_	9 326 340 287	9 275 145 319
Current assets	(2)	210,042,001	223 289 232
Cash and cash equivalents	(3)	218 062 901	1 151 277 953
Due from related parties (net)	(4)	1 088 958 806	512 544 672
Loans to subsidiaries	(14-1)	628 654 324	12 412 703
Other debit balances	(5)	21 286 596 1 956 962 627	1899 524 560
Total current assets	*		11 174 669 879
Total assets	•	11 283 302 914	11 174 009 879
Shareholders' equity	(16)	9 100 000 000	9 100 000 000
Share capital	(16)	89 578 478	89 578 478
Reserves	(29-10)		(757 237 151)
Retained loss		( 804 312 294) 8 385 266 184	8 432 341 327
Net equity	/ n = 0 \	0 303 200 104	1 464 311
Shareholders' credit balances	(17)	8 385 266 184	8 433 805 638
Total shareholders' equity		n 3n3 200 1n4	0.433.003.030
Non - current liabilities	(10)	615 972 254	541 666 693
Long term loans	(18)	615 972 254	541 666 693
Total non - current liabilities		(11,) 912, 2,14	, of I (MI) (13.5
Current liabilities	(6)	197 897 745	373 035 930
Due to related parties	(6)	1 525 632 470	1 410 403 839
Current portion of long-term loans	(18)		77 460 457
Due to Tax Authority	(2)	139 531 026 190 743 059	107 106 646
Other credit balances	(7)		231 190 676
Expected claims provision	(8)	228 260 176	2 199 197 548
Total - current liabilities		2 282 064 476	2 740 864 241
Total liabilities		2 898 036 730 11 283 302 914	11 174 669 879
Total equity and liabilities		11 203 302 714	13 174 (002 012

The accompanying notes from page 5 to 37 are an integral part of these financial statements and are to be read therewith,

Chairman Ahmed Heikal Managing Director Hisham Hussein El-Khazindar Chief Financial Officer Montaz Farouk Review report "attached"

Citadel Capital Company

(Egyptian Joint Stock Company)

Separate income statement

for the period ended June 30, 2016

Note	For the	period	For the	period
	from 1/4/2016 to 30/6/2016	from 1/1/2016 to 30/6/2016	from 1/4/2015 to 30/6/2015	from 1/1/2015 to 30/6/2015
(20-1)	18 206 866	34 741 152	21 864 493	43 692 916
(21)	( 65 481 045)	( 135 478 931)	( 45 729 311)	( 87 154 422)
	•	-	-	( 5 254 098)
(12)	( 517 279)	( 1 034 564)	( 519 765)	( 1 034 165)
(4)	-	4 982 035	-	<u>-</u>
	·	1 736 378	-	_
	( 47 791 458)	( 95 053 930)	( 24 384 583)	( 49 749 769)
(19)	33 264 665	47 942 417	( 17 280 378)	15 686 164
	(14 526 793)	(47 111 513)	( 41 664 961)	(34 063 605)
(15)	233 686	36 370	( 37 881)	( 181 172)
=	( 14 293 107)	( 47 075 143)	(41 702 842)	(34 244 777)
(24)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.02)
	(20-1) (21) (12) (4) (19)	from 1/4/2016 to 30/6/2016  (20-1) 18 206 866  (21) (65 481 045)  - (12) (517 279)  (4) - (47 791 458)  (19) 33 264 665 (14 526 793)  (15) 233 686 (14 293 107)	from 1/4/2016 to 30/6/2016 to 30/6/2016  (20-1) 18 206 866 34 741 152 (21) (65 481 045) (135 478 931)  - (12) (517 279) (1 034 564) (4) - 4 982 035 - 1 736 378  (47 791 458) (95 053 930) (19) 33 264 665 47 942 417 (14 526 793) (15) 233 686 36 370 (14 293 107) (47 075 143)	from 1/4/2016 from 1/1/2016 from 1/4/2015 to 30/6/2016 to 30/6/2016 to 30/6/2015  (20-1) 18 206 866 34 741 152 21 864 493  (21) (65 481 045) (135 478 931) (45 729 311)

The accompanying notes from page 6 to 39 are an integral part of these separate interim financial statements and are to be read therewith.

Citadel Capital Company
(Egyptian Joint Stock Company)

Separate statement of comprehensive income

for the period ended June 30, 2016

For the period		For the period	
from 1/4/2016	from 1/1/2016	from 1/4/2015	from 1/1/2015
to 30/6/2016	to 30/6/2016	to 30/6/2015	to 30/6/2015
(14 293 107)	(47.075.140)		
		(41 702 842)	(34 244 777)
( 14 293 107)	(47 075 143)	( 41 702 842)	( 34 244 777)
		from 1/4/2016 from 1/1/2016 to 30/6/2016 to 30/6/2016 (14 293 107) (47 075 143)	from 1/4/2016 from 1/1/2016 from 1/4/2015 to 30/6/2016 to 30/6/2016 to 30/6/2015  (14 293 107) (47 075 143) (41 702 842)

The accompanying notes from page 6 to 39 are an integral part of these separate interim financial statements and are to be read therewith.

Citadel Capital Company

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(Egyptian Joint Stock Company)

Separate statement of changes in equity

for the period ended June 30, 2016

	Note	Share	Legal	Retained	Shareholders'
(All amounts in EGP)		capital	reserve	Iosses	credit balances
Dalance as at January 1, 2016		9 100 000 000	89 578 478	(807 717 020)	1 464 311
Rejerce of the Control of the Contro	(28)			50 479 869	
Comments as at January 1, 2016 (adjusted)	ı	9 100 000 000	89 578 478	(757 237 151)	1 464 311
Comprehensive income					
Losses for the period ended June 30, 2016					
Total comprehensive income	1		.	(47 075 143)	•
	ı		•	(47 075 143)	
I ransactions with owners of the Company					
Reclassification of shareholders' credit balances		1			
Total transactions with owners of the	i	     	•	•	(1464311)
Delegation of the Company	Ì		1	,	(1464311)
Datauce as at June 30, 2016	i	9 100 000 000	89 578 478	(804 312 294)	

Total

(47 075 143) (47 075 143)

8 000 000 000	89 578 478	(508 417 678)	836 842 865	8 418 003 665
,		(34 244 777)		(34 244 777)
	•	(34 244 777)		(34 244 777)
,	·	.	131 587 802	131 587 802
	1	•	131 587 802	131 587 802
8 000 000 000	89 578 478	(542 662 455)	968 430 667	9 212 315 500

The accompanying notes from page 6 to 39 are an integral part of these separate interim financial statements and are to be read therewith.

Total transactions with owners of the Company

Balance as at June 30, 2015

Transactions with owners of the Company

Shareholders' credit balances

Profit for the period ended June 30, 2015

Total comprehensive income

Balance as at January 1, 2015

Comprehensive income

Citadeł Capital Company
(Egyptian Joint Stock Company)
Separate statement of cash flows
for the period ended June 30, 2016

	Note	For the p	period ended
		30/6/2016	30/6/2015
(All amounts in EGP)			
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss before tax			
Adjustments to reconcile loss to net cash used in operating activities:		( 47 111 513)	( 34 063 60
Fixed assets depreciation		1 034 564	4.004
Unrealized foreign currency differences			1 034 16
Interest income		(63 277 785)	( 33 835 100
Reversal of impairment		(38 679 718)	( 10 582 368
Loss from sale of financial investments		(4 982 035)	-
Provisions used		- (2.020.500)	5 254 09
Operating loss before changes in current assets and current		(2 930 500)	( 400 000
uapintes		(155 946 987)	(72 592 810
Changes in current assets and current liabilities:  Due from related parties			
Other debit balances		82 471 692	(320 349 235
Due to related parties		(8 873 893)	(7 914 745
Tax Authority		( 175 138 185)	203 415 230
Other credit balances		62 070 569	9 656 864
Net cash used in operating activities		82 172 102	20 807 736
oportunia activities		(113 244 702)	(166 976 954)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for investments			1:1
Payments for projects under construction		( 23 251 600)	(11 000 000)
Payments for Fixed assets		(2 602 006)	(2 733 425)
Proceeds from loans to subsidiaries		-	( 226 400)
Proceeds from redemption of investments in associates		-	67 893 541
Net cash (used in) provided from investing activities		-	11 149 227
transfer and investing activities		(25 853 606)	65 082 943
Cash flows from financing activities			
Payments for banks loans			
Payments for shareholders' credit balances		( 78 249 889)	(32 422 499)
Net cash used in financing activities		(60.045.555	(23 630 169)
120	•	(78 249 889)	(56 052 668)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents during the period		(217 240 102)	/ a et e
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	(3)	(217 348 197)	(157 946 679)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	-	435 411 098	373 920 429
F	(3)	218 062 901	215 973 750

The accompanying notes from page 6 to 39 are an integral part of these separate interim financial statements and are to be read therewith

### 1. Company background

### 1.1 Legal status and activity

Citadel Capital Company - an Egyptian Joint Stock Company - was founded in accordance with the applicable Egyptian laws and in pursuance to law no. (159) of 1981 and its executive regulations. The Company has been registered in the commercial register at Giza under number 11121 on April 13, 2004.

### 1.2 Purposes of the company

- The Company's basic activity is represented as follows:
  - Providing consultancy in financial and financing fields for different companies and preparing and presenting the feasibility studies in the economical, technological, engineering, marketing, financing, management, borrowing contracts arrangements fields and financing studies in addition to preparing and presenting studies and consultancy regarding projects' promotion and offering the necessary technical support in different fields except legal consultancy.
  - Working as an agent in contracting and negotiation in different fields and steps especially negotiation in the management contracts, participation and technical support.
  - Managing, executing and restructuring of projects.
- On October 20, 2013 the extra-ordinary general assembly has agreed on amending the statute of the Company in accordance with the Capital Market Law and its executive regulations on the basis that the Company is involved in establishing other companies and participating in the capital increases of other companies pursuant to the provision of article no. (27) of the Capital Market Law and article no.(122) of its executive regulations, provided that required legal procedures for amending the statute of the company will take place after completing the required legal procedures for the aforementioned capital increase.

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The company will be known as "Qalaa Holdings" in the English language. Qalaa has been the firm's Arabic name since it was founded in 2004. Subsequently to the successful completion of the capital increase, the company has transformed its business model from being a private equity company to an investment company with a focus on business segments of energy, cement, agrifoods, transportation & logistics, and mining. The required procedures to amend the Company's commercial register are taking place.

### 1.3 Registered headquarters

The Company performs its activities from its branch located on 1089 Nile Corniche, Four Season Nile Plaza – Garden City, Cairo.

### 2. Basis of preparation

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These separate interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Egyptian Accounting Standards and relevant Egyptian law and regulations.

The board approved the financial statements on October 5, 2016.

### 2.2 Basis of measurement

The separate interim financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis, except for available-for-sale investments measured at fair value in accordance with the Egyptian Accounting Standards.

### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These separate interim financial statements presented in Egyptian pounds (EGP), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Egyptian pounds.

### 2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of separate interim financial statements in conformity with Egyptian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and

the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions based on historical experience and various other factors that believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates recognized in the period in which the estimate revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognized in the financial statements described in the following notes:

- Note (8) provisions.
- Note (10) measurement of the recoverable amount of investments in subsidiaries and associates.
- Note (15) recognition of deferred tax.

### 2.5 Consolidated financial statements

The Company has subsidiaries and according to the Egyptian Accounting Standard No. 42 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and the article No. (188) of the executive regulation of law no. (159) of 1981, the Company is required to prepare consolidated financial statements which present fairly the balance sheet, the result of operations and cash flows for the group as a whole.

### 2.6 Fair value measurement

- The fair value of financial instruments are determined based on the market value of the financial instrument or similar financial instruments at the date of the financial statements without deducting any estimated future selling costs.
- The value of financial assets are determined by the values of the current purchase prices for those assets, while the value of financial liabilities is determined by the current prices that can be settled by those liabilities.

- In the absence of an active market to determine the fair value of financial instruments, the fair value is estimated using various valuation techniques, taking into consideration the prices of the transactions occurred recently, and guided by the current fair value of other similar tools substantially discounted cash flow method or any other evaluation method to get resulting values that can rely on.
- When using the discounted cash flow method as a way to evaluate, the future cash flows are estimated based on the best estimates of management. And the discount rate used is determined in the light of the prevailing market price at the date of the financial statements that are similar in nature and conditions.

### 3. Cash and cash equivalents

	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Cash on hand	244 245	1 759 695
Banks - current accounts	217 568 656	221 529 537
Cheques under collection	250 000	
Cash and cash equivalents as previously		
presented in the statement of financial position	218 062 901	223 289 232
Effect of exchange rate changes		212 121 866
Cash and cash equivalents adjusted as per cash		
flows statement	218 062 901	435 411 098

#### Non-cash transaction:

For the purpose of preparing cash flows statement, the following transactions have been eliminated:

- An amount of EGP 15 170 510 has been eliminated from the change in due from related parties and investments in subsidiaries (represent in the transferred from investments in subsidiaries – ASEC Cement Company to due from related parties).
- An amount of EGP 1 464 311 has been eliminated from the change in other credit balances and shareholders' credit balances (represents the amount transferred from shareholders' credit balances to other credit balances).

4. Due from related	parties			
and it of it cated		transaction	30/6/2016	24/40/00
	Advisory	Finance	30/0/2010	31/12/2015
Мела Home Furnishings Mell	fee			
This remains a serious	35 031 604		35 031 604	27 376 332
Falcon Agriculture Investments Ltd. Golden Crescent Investments Ltd.*	99 085 582		99 085 582	77 253 224
Citadel Capital Transportation	33 841 268		33 841 268	29 758 950
Opportunities Ltd.	0.741.440			
Logria Holding Ltd. *	9 241 449 48 819 602		9 241 449	7 182 154
Mena Glass Ltd.	30 477 320		48 819 602	42 930 428
Silverstone Capital Investment Ltd.	4 273 388		30 477 320	26 800 799
☐ Sabina for Integrated Solutions *	4 2 13 300	0.757.000	4 273 388	
_ Citadel Capital Financing Corp. *	58 229 031	9 757 000	- 157 000	8 580 000
☐ Valencia Trading Holding Ltd. *	30 227 031	<del></del>	58 229 031	51 204 785
Citadel Capital Transportation		<del></del>		4 982 035
Opportunities II Ltd.	34 098 213		7 4 000 - · ·	
Citadel Capital Holding for Financial	31000213	<del></del>	34 098 213	25 701 355
Investments-Free Zone				
ASEC Company for Mining (ASCOM)	<del></del>	398 241 524	398 241 524	807 976 001
United Foundries Company		45 477 777	45 477 777	13 238 573
Citadel Capital for International		78 858 640	78 858 640	70 992 279
Investments Ltd.				
Ledmore Holdings Ltd.		239 597 675	239 597 675	23 796 644
A felica Dath	 			7 337 402
Mena Joint Investment Fund GP	5 337 754		5 337 754	9 387 666
Citadel Capital Joint Investment Fund	16 662 020		16 662 020	13 652 441
Management Ltd.	2 800 500			
Africa JIF HOLD CO I	3 823 583		3 823 583	3 362 338
Africa JIF HOLD CO III	3 199 559		3 199 559	2 539 235
Mena JIF HOLD CO I	6 <b>7</b> 05 252 4 855 289		6 705 252	5 118 524
Crondall Holdings Ltd.	4 633 289 15 672 075		4 855 289	3 995 230
Ascom Emirates for Mining (UAE)	15 072 075		15 672 075	13 781 534
International Company for Mining				11 689 377
Consultation		146 000	146.000	
ESACO Manufacturing, Engineering &		140 000	146 000	136 000
Contracting		10 000 000	10 000 000	
ASEC Cement Company	4 007 400	44 166 702	10 000 000	10 000 000
Total	100	11100 702 _	48 174 102	(10 039 155)
Accumulated impairment *		_	1 239 605 707	1 288 734 151
■ Net			(150 646 901)	(137 456 198)
		_	1 088 958 806	1 151 277 953

* Accumulated impairment on	Balance as at	Reversal of	Foreign currency	Balance as at
	1/1/2016	impairment	translation	30/6/2016
_		loss	differences	25, 5, 2516
		**		
Logria Holding Ltd.	42 930 428		5 889 174	48 819 602
Citadel Capital Financing Corp.	51 204 785		7 024 246	58 229 031
Golden Crescent Investments Ltd.	29 758 950	<del></del>	4 082 318	33 841 268
Valencia Trading Holding Ltd. **	4 982 035	(4 982 035)	- <del></del>	
Sabina for Integrated Solutions	8 580 000		1 177 000	9 757 000
Balance	137 456 198	(4 982 035)	18 172 738	150 646 901

<sup>\*\*</sup> Reversal of impairment loss in the income statement represents the offsetting of the balance due from Valencia Trading Holding Ltd. as a result of selling its subsidiary (Tanmeyah Micro Enterprise Services S.A.E).

### 5. Other debit balances

_	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Deposits with others	181 500	181 500
Receivables-sale of investment		2 208 792
Imprests	9 755 750	6 645 305
Letters of guarantee's margin	887 000	780 000
Taxes deducted by others	868 058	868 058
Prepaid expenses	479 386	
Sundry debit balances	9 114 902	1 729 048
Balance	21 286 596	<b>1</b> 2 <b>4</b> 12 <b>70</b> 3

### 6. Due to related parties

	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
National Development and Trading Company	196 397 645	311 204 569
ASEC for Manufacturing and Industrial Projects		311 20+ 303
(ARESCO)	1 500 100	1 500 100
Citadel Capital Partners Ltd.*		60 331 261
Balance	197 897 <b>7</b> 45	373 035 930
altimate majort of the O	201 001 140	373 033 930

<sup>\*</sup> The ultimate parent of the Company – 24.36%.

### 7. Other credit balances

A corrued assessed	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Accrued expenses	81 318 751	77 438 220
Accrued interest	41 059 479	4 837 279
Suppliers	63 443 865	21 676 973
Prior years dividends payable	2 893 919	2 893 919
National Authority for Social Insurance	562 734	260 255
Shareholders' credit balances (Note 17)	1 464 311	
Balance	190 743 059	107 106 646

### 8. Expected claims provision

Balance at the beginning of the period / year Provisions formed during the period / year Provisions used during the period / year Balance	30/6/2016 231 190 676  (2 930 500) 228 260 176	31/12/2015 191 090 676 40 500 000 (400 000) 231 190 676
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This provision represents contingent claims from some of the parties regarding the Company's activities. The usual information related to provisions according to the Accounting Standards has not been disclosed because management believes that disclosing could seriously affect the outcome of negotiations with these parties, and the management periodically reviews this provision and adjusts the provision amount according to the latest discussions with these parties.

### 9. Available-for-sale investments

And G. I. was	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Arab Swiss Engineering Company – ASEC	17 479	17 479
Modern Company for Isolating Materials	43 396	43 396
EFG Capital Partners Fund II	7 734 489	7 734 489
EFG Capital Partners Fund III	15 970 800	15 970 800
Balance	23 766 164	23 766 164

- The available-for-sale investments are represented in unlisted securities in the Stock Exchange.

<ol><li>Investments in subsidia</li></ol>	aries			
Citedal Carlo Lyr Ly	Percentage %	30/6/2016	Percentage	31/12/2015
Citadel Capital Holding for Financial Investments-Free Zone Citadel Capital for International	99.99	1 345 352 547	99.99	1 345 352 54
Investments Ltd.  National Development and Trading	100	2 826 096 099	100	2 826 096 09
Company * United Foundries Company * International Company for Mining	47.65 29.29	668 170 587 103 699 040	47.65 29.29	668 170 58 103 699 04
Consultation ASEC Cement Company * ASEC Company for Mining	99.99 1.8	62 500 42 611 872	99.99 1.8	62 500 57 782 382
(ASCOM) Balance	54.74	303 049 871 5 289 042 516	54.74	303 049 871 5 304 213 026
* The Company has the			~	

- \* The Company has the power to govern the operational and financial policies of these companies as it holds direct and indirect equity shares which enable the group to consider these companies as subsidiaries to the group.
- Investments in subsidiaries are represented in unlisted equity securities in the Stock Exchange except ASEC Company for Mining (ASCOM) with market value of EGP 151 278 776 as at June 30, 2016 versus EGP 151 021 500 as at December 31, 2015.

### 11. Payments for investments

	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Citadel Capital Holding for Financial Investments-		
Free Zone	2 604 784 586	2 604 784 586
Citadel Capital for International Investments Ltd.  Others*	982 920 068	982 920 068
	99 738 800	76 487 200
Balance	3 687 443 454	3 664 191 854

<sup>\*</sup> Represents payments for investments in strategic and specialized sectors such as, Energy, Mining and Cement and Nutrition.

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12. Fixed assets (net)		<del></del>			
(1-9)	For the period	l ended June	30, 2016		
	Building &	Computers		Vehicles	Total
	constructions*		fixture and		20141
Cost as at 1/1/2016			equipment		
	33 742 368	8 791 813	23 036 843	_539 800	66 110 824
Total cost as at 30/6/2016	33 742 368	8 791 813	23 036 843	539 800	66 110 824
Accumulated depreciation					
as at 1/1/2016	15 184 065	8 156 337	22 841 170	539 800	46 721 372
Depreciation for the period	843 559	160 290	30 715		1 034 564
Accumulated depreciation as at 30/6/2016					
Carrying amounts at 30/6/2016	16 027 624	8 316 627	22 871 885	539 800	<u>47</u> 755 936
ourlying amounts at 50/0/2016	17 714 744	475 186	164 958		18 354 888
	For the period	ended June 3	0, 2015		
	Building &	Computers	Furniture,	Vehicles	Total
	constructions*		fixture and		_ 5
0			equipment		
Cost as at 1/1/2015	33 742 368	8 526 713	22 929 843	539 800	65 738 724
Additions		226 400			226 400
Total cost as at 30/6/2015	33 742 368	8 753 113	22 929 843	539 800	65 965 124
Accumulated depreciation					
as at 1/1/2015	13 496 944	7 878 <i>5</i> 51	22 733 950	539 800	44.640.045
Depreciation for the period	843 560			222 000	44 649 245
Accumulated depreciation	0+3 300	123 875	66 730		1 034 165
as at 30/6/2015	14 240 504	0.005 15 5			
Carrying amounts at 30/6/2015	14 340 504 19 401 864	8 002 426 750 687	22 800 680	539 800	45 683 410
CALCAID SMOUNTS OF SOME POSTS			129 163		

Building and constructions represent the cost of the head quarter of the company.

#### Projects under construction 13.

Projects under construction are represented in computer software:

The Living Control of the Control of	ca in combuter 2011/	vare:	
Cost at the bosin-in- set	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	
Cost at the beginning of the period / year Additions	7 070 294	681 959	
Balance —	2 602 006	6 388 335	
_	9 672 300	7 070 294	

#### 14. Loans to subsidiaries

Loans to subsidiaries are represented in loans granted to subsidiaries as follows:

and the represente	oresented in loans granted to subsidiaries as follows:			
Current	Note	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	
National Development and Trading				
Company	14.1 _	628 654 324	512 544 672	
Non – current				
United Foundries Company	14.2	220 320 935	188 127 870	
ASEC Company for Mining (ASCOM)	14.3	77 235 327	67 918 326	
Balance		297 556 262	256 046 196	
Zaraneo -		926 210 586	<b>76</b> 8 <b>590</b> 868	

The Company has granted two subordinating loans to National Development 14.1 and Trading Company dated December 28, 2009 and September 21, 2010 with amounts of US.\$ 40 968 630 and US.\$ 8 064 887 respectively. The loans contracts period is five years, the principle of the two loans have to be paid with interest at the end of loans' period, with 11.5% annual cumulative interest, according to loans contracts the Company has the right to convert the value of loans in addition to its interest due into capital increase in National Development and Trading Company with par value at the end of loans period. The guarantees are represented in lien on part of National Development and Trading Company shares in the following subsidiaries companies: ASEC Cement Company 41 050 000 shares

Arab Swiss Engineering Company (ASEC) 899 900 shares

During 2014, the company has signed two waiver contracts to Al Olayan Saudi investment Ltd by a portion from the two loans with a total amount of US.\$ 23 million represented in US.\$ 14 813 172 (principle amount) and US.\$ 8 186 828 (accrued interest amount).

percentage of 99.72%.

- The balance of the two loans after the Assignment Agreement became: US.\$ 70 874 219 (equivalent to EGP 628 654 324) as at June 30, 2016 versus US.\$ 59 239 077 (equivalent to EGP 462 064 803) at December 31, 2015.
- The Company has signed a subordinating convertible loan contract with United 14.2 Foundries Company on June 2, 2010 with an amount of US.\$ 11 563 187 for the three years, the principle of the loan has to be paid with interest at the end of the loan period, with 11.5% annual cumulative interest, according to the loan contract the Company has the right to convert the value of the loan in addition to its interest due into capital increase in the capital of United Foundries Company with par value at the end of loan period. The guarantees are represented in a first degree lien of United Foundries Company shares in Ameryah Metal Company one of its subsidiaries with a

On January 9, 2012 the board of directors of United Foundries Company decided to convert the convertible loan contract to a subordinating loan that will be settled on 10 years with annual interest rate of 6% against commission with an amount of US.\$ 1 421 320 (equivalent to EGP 8 641 626) at the transaction date. The value of the subordinating loan for united foundries Company is US.\$ 24 838 888 (equivalent to EGP 220 320 935) as at June 30, 2016 versus US.\$ 24 118 958 (equivalent to EGP 188 127 870) as at December 31, 2015 including accrued interest during the period amounted to US.\$ 719 930 (equivalent to EGP 6 385 779) as at June 30, 2016 versus US.\$ 1 365 223 (equivalent to EGP 10 648 740 as at December 31, 2015).

The Company has granted a loan to ASEC company for mining (ASCOM) -14.3 one of its subsidiaries - on September 7, 2014 with an amount of US.\$ 17 700 000. The loan contract period is seven years with annual interest rate of 6% and default rate of 8%. The principle of the loan has to be re-paid at the end of the loan agreement period. The principle of the loan should be used solely to support ASCOM and its related subsidiaries. The borrower should pay to Citadel Capital S.A.E (The lender) a fee up to 3% of the aggregate amount of the loan to cover the fees, costs and expenses incurred in connection with the loan. During the period, the borrower has re-paid an amount of US.\$ 8.9 million from the due loan amount. The balance of the loan became with an amount of US.\$ 8 707 478 (equivalent to EGP 77 235 327) as at June 30, 2016, included accrued interest during the period amounted to US.\$ 260 508 (equivalent to EGP 2 310 706) on the current account - (Note 4).

### 15. Deferred tax assets

30/6/2016

31/12/2015

Fixed assets - depreciation

504 703

468 333

The Company has carried-forward tax losses from previous years with an amount of EGP 214 541 148 at June 30, 2016 and the related deferred tax assets amounted EGP 48 271 758 were not recognized due to the lack of reasonable assurance of future of benefit from these assets.

### 16. Share capital

- The Company's authorized capital is EGP 6 Billion and the issued and paid-in capital is EGP 4 358 125 000 represents 871 625 000 shares distributed to 653 718 750 ordinary shares and 217 906 250 preferred shares with par value EGP 5 per share.
- The Company's extra-ordinary general assembly meeting held on October 20, 2013 approved the increase of the authorized capital from EGP 6 billion to EGP 9 billion and the increase of the issued capital from EGP 4 358 125 000 to EGP 8 billion, with an increase of EGP 3 641 875 000 by issuing 728 375 000 new shares at par value of EGP 5 per share, distributed over 182 093 750 preferred shares and 546 281 250 ordinary shares, without issuance costs. The purpose of this capital increase is to finance the acquisition of additional shares in its related companies, financing the Company's share contribution in the capital increases of some of its related companies and entering into new investments and settlement of some of Company's liabilities.

The Board of Directors approved in its meeting held on February 13, 2014 to cover the subscription of the unsubscribed Company's shares in the capital increase through offsetting the shareholders' credit balances that are payable by the Company (Note 17) against the subscription price of the shares. The commercial register has been updated with the increase on April 16, 2014.

The Company's extra-ordinary general assembly meeting held on March 25, 2015 approved the increase of the authorized capital from EGP 9 billion to EGP 10 billion and the increase of the issued capital from EGP 8 billion to EGP 9.7 billion, with an increase of EGP 1.7 billion in cash allowing the use of credit balances payable to existing shareholders by issuing 340 million new shares at par value of EGP 5 per share, consisting of 85 million preferred shares and 255 million ordinary shares, without issuance costs.

- The capital increase subscription started on June 2, 2015 and closed on the end of the working day September 9, 2015. The subscription had been covered by 64.71% represented in 220 million share of which 1 738 649 preferred share with an amount of EGP 8 693 245 and 218 261 351 ordinary share with an amount of EGP 1 091 306 755, with a total amount of EGP 1.1 billion and thus the company's issued share capital after increase amounted EGP 9.1 billion, represents 1 820 000 000 shares comprising of 1 418 261 351 ordinary share and 401 738 649 preferred share at par value of EGP 5 per share. The commercial register has been updated with the increase on September 29, 2015.
- The preferred share has the advantage of triple voting right comparing with ordinary share on the decisions of the Company's extraordinary and ordinary general assembly meetings according to the decision of the Company's extraordinary general assembly meeting held on May 12, 2008 and also paragraph no.(3) of article no.(18) of the Company's article of associations. Those preferred shares are owned by Citadel Capital Partners Ltd. the principle shareholder of the Company.

The shareholders' structure is represented in the following:

Shareholders' structure is represe	ented in the follo	wing:	
Shareholders' name	Percentage	No. of	Value in
Citadal Carlo II Day	%	Shares	EGP
Citadel Capital Partners Ltd.	24.36	443 295 671	2 216 478 355
Emirates International Investments Company Others	7.62	138 767 960	693 839 800
Officis	68.02	1 237 936 369	6 189 681 845
	100	1 820 000 000	9 100 000 000

#### 17. Shareholders' credit balances

Shareholders' credit balances represent the amounts payable to the shareholders resulting from purchasing extra ownership share percentages in some of its investee companies from those shareholders through its subsidiary, Citadel Capital for International Investments Ltd. (subsidiary 100%).

Shareholders' credit balances as at June 30, 2016 are represented in the following:

are different summed as at June 30, 2010 are	represented in the follow	ing:
Shareholders' credit balances to be settled in cash	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Khaled Abd EL Hamed Ali Abou Bakr Others		1 296 432
Total shareholders' credit balances		167 879
- During the pariod the Lat	-	1 464 311

- During the period, the balance has been reclassified to other credit balances item (Note 7).

#### 18. Long term loans

On February 1, 2012 the Company has signed a long-term loan with an amount of US.\$ 325 million with Citi Bank Group - syndication manager - along with other group of banks (represented in Arab African International Bank S.A.E, Arab International Bank, Banque du caire, Misr Bank S.A.E, and Piraeus Bank) and guaranteed by Overseas Private Investment Corporation (OPIC) for the purpose of expanding the Company's investments and refinancing the outstanding debts as at December 31, 2011 (which represented in the loan granted to the Company on May 15, 2008 with an amount of US.\$ 200 million for a period of five years from a group of banks represented in Arab African International Bank, Suez Canal Bank, Misr bank, Piraeus Bank, Morgan Stanely Bank and Citi Bank London "syndication manager"); loan is to be paid on three installments during the contract period begins from the third year to the end of contract on May 15, 2013. The loan balance is an amount of US.\$ 171 957 803 (equivalent to EGP 1 032 984 912) as at December 31, 2011 until the date of the new contract)

The new loan amount is divided into three classes:-

- First tranche: Irrevocable amount of US.\$ 175 million bearing variable interest rate (4.25 %+Libor rate) for 5 years begins from the date of the contract and payable on five equal annual installments.
- Second tranche: Irrevocable amount of US.\$ 125 million bearing fixed interest rate (3.9 %+Libor rate on the date of withdrawal) for 10 years begins from the date of the contract and payable on nine equal annual installments with one-year grace period.
- Third tranche: Irrevocable amount of US.\$ 25 million bearing fixed interest rate (3.9 %+Libor rate on the date of withdrawal) and the Company has the right to use it within three years begins from the date of the contract and payable on nine equal annual installments begins from the date of withdrawal with one year grace period.

According to the loan contract, the loan installments would be paid on December 20 each year.

The Company has used an amount of US.\$ 300 million from funding granted to it till December 31, 2013. The Company has paid an amount of US.\$ 55 759 568 and has been charged with US.\$ 370 686 as extra expenses so the balance of the loan will be US.\$ 241 443 599 as at June 30, 2016 (equivalent to EGP 2 141 604 724).

- The current installments are amounted to US.\$ 171 999 151 (equivalent to EGP 1 525 632 470 as at June 30, 2016) versus US.\$ 180 821 005 (equivalent to EGP 1 410 403 839 as at December 31, 2015). Current installments are as following:-

	First tranche		Second tra	—— Total	
First installment	Maturity date December 20, 2012	US.\$ 35 000 000	Maturity date December 20, 2012	US.\$ Grace period one	US.\$ 35 000 000
Second installment Third installment Fourth installment Fifth installment Add: bank charges Total Payment from the installments	December 20, 2013 December 20, 2014 December 20, 2015 December 20, 2016	35 000 000 35 000 000 35 000 000 35 000 000	December 20, 2013 December 20, 2014 December 20, 2015 December 20, 2016	year 13 888 888 13 888 888 13 888 888 13 888 888	48 888 888 48 888 888 48 888 888 48 888 88
Balance					(58 927 092) 171 999 146

- The non-current installments are amounted to US.\$ 69 444 448 (equivalent to EGP 615 972 254 as at June 30, 2016) versus US.\$ 69 444 448 (equivalent to EGP 541 666 693 as at December 31, 2015).
- The interest on loan charged to the income statement during the period is EGP 76 759 350 (Note 19).
- The Company is currently in final negotiations with its senior lenders to reschedule its senior secured debt facility.

### The loan guarantees are as follows:

- First degree lien contract on the equity shares owned by the Company in National Development and Trading Company.
- First degree lien contract on the equity shares owned by the Company in International Company for Mining Consulting.
- First degree lien contract on the shares owned by the Company in United Foundries Company.
- First degree lien contract on the shares of Citadel Capital Ltd. (One of the subsidiaries of Citadel Capital Holding for Financial Investments-Free Zone).
- First degree lien contract on the shares owned by the Company in ASEC Cement Company,
- First degree lien contract on the shares owned by the Company in ASEC Company for Mining (ASCOM).

- First degree lien contract on the investments of Citadel Capital Ltd. (One of the subsidiaries of Citadel Capital Holding for Financial Investments-Free Zone) investments on the following companies:
  - Orient Investments Properties Ltd.
  - Logria Holding Ltd.
  - Golden Crescent Investments Ltd.
  - Falcon Agriculture Investments Ltd.
  - Silverstone Capital Investment Ltd.
  - Mena Glass Ltd.
  - Mena Home Furnishings Mall.
  - Valencia Trading Holding Ltd.
  - Andalusia Trading Investments Ltd.
  - Citadel Capital Transportation Opportunities Ltd.
  - Lotus Alliance Limited.
  - Citadel Capital Financing Corp.
  - Grandview Investment Holding
  - Africa Railways Holding
  - National Company for Marine Petroleum Services (Petromar)
  - Taqa Arabia S.A.E.
  - Egyptian Company for Solid Waste Recycling (ECARU)
  - Engineering Tasks Group (ENTAG)
  - Mashreq Petroleum
  - Ledmore Holdings Ltd.
  - Everys Holdings Limited
  - Eco-Logic Ltd.
  - Sequoia Willow Investments Ltd.
  - Underscore International Holdings Ltd.
  - Brennan Solutions
- Citadel Capital Transportation Opportunities II Ltd.
- Citadel Capital for Promotion Company

### 19. Finance income (cost) - net

		e period	For th	e period
Interest income - Note (20.2) Interest expense - Note (18) Foreign currency differences Net	from 1/4/2016 to 30/6/2016 47 551 339 (40 564 055) 26 277 381 33 264 665	from 1/1/2016 to 30/6/2016 61 423 785 (76 759 350) 63 277 982 47 942 417	from 1/4/2015 to 30/6/2015 23 695 794 (34 613 902) (6 362 270) (17 280 378)	from 1/1/2015 to 30/6/2015 47 482 852 (65 631 788) 33 835 100 15 686 164
	0.1			22 300 101

### 20. Related party transactions

200

### 20.1 Advisory fee

Advisory fee presented in the separate income statement represents the advisory services rendered to the related parties according to signed contracts as follows:

	For the	e period	For the	e period
Company's name	from 1/4/2016 to 30/6/2016	from 1/1/2016 to 30/6/2016	from 1/4/2015 to 30/6/2015	from 1/1/2015 to 30/6/2015
Mena Glass Ltd.				
Mena Home Furnishings Mall	1 949 918	2 671 010	2 219 325	4 441 563
Citadel Capital Transportation	1 747 316	3 671 210	1 675 127	3 352 453
Opportunities Ltd.	537 025	1 011 085	461.045	
Falcon Agriculture Investments Ltd.	5 617 398	10 576 160	461 345	923 295
ASEC Cement Company	1 538 714		4 825 768	9 657 870
Silverstone Capital Investment Ltd.	2 136 694	3 359 178	4 749 455	9 452 876
Citadel Capital Transportation	2 150 094	4 022 863	1 835 585	3 673 576
Opportunities II Ltd.	2 435 586	4 585 602	2 092 353	4 187 451
Africa Railways Limited	2 668 879	5 024 832	2 292 767	4 588 542
Mena Joint Investment Fund GP	568 371	1 070 102	488 274	971 818
Africa JIF HOLD CO I	155 999	293 705	134 012	266 728
Africa JIF HOLD CO III	442 285	832 712	379 956	
Mena JIF HOLD CO I	155 997	293 703	134 012	756 230
Ledmore Holdings Ltd.				266 728
Total	18 206 866	34 741 152	576 514 21 864 493	1 153 786 43 692 916

The Company did not recognize advisory fees related to Golden Crescent and Logria holding LTD. according to the signed contracts due to non fulfilling the conditions of recognition and collection. The unrecognized advisory fees at June 30, 2016 amounted to US.\$1 567 264 (equivalent to EGP 13 196 363) and US.\$ 290 203 (equivalent to EGP 2 443 509) versus (EGP 12 224 659) and (EGP 2 263 583) at December 31, 2015 respectively.

### 20.2 Interest income

Interest income presented in financing income – (Note 19) included an amount of EGP 60 637 476 which represent the accrued interest income according to the signed contracts with some related parties as follows:

	residue parties as follows:			S:
1	For the	e period	For th	e period
Í	from 1/4/2016	from 1/1/2016	from 1/4/2015	from 1/1/2015
Company's name	to 30/6/2016	to 30/6/2016	to 30/6/2015	to 30/6/2015
National Development and Trading				
Company Note (14.1)	32 782 695	32 782 695	2 723 319	5 420 240
United Foundries Company Note	4 362 018	8 087 610	3 695 516	5 420 249 7 387 568
(20.2.1)			0 000 010	7 367 368
Citadel Capital Holding for Financial				
Investments-Free Zone	9 159 418	17 591 928	13 610 024	26 965 051
Citadel Capital for International			15 010 024	20 903 031
Investments Ltd.			1 764 693	3 512 283
ASEC Company for Mining (ASCOM)	1 155 356	2 175 243	1 803 939	3 945 902
Total	47 459 487	60 637 476	23 597 491	47 231 053
				17 431 033

# 20.2.1 Interest income related to United Foundries Company is represented as follows:

0	For the	e period	For th	e period
	from 1/4/2016	from 1/1/2016	from 1/4/2015	from 1/1/2015
Subordination	to 30/6/2016	to 30/6/2016	to 30/6/2015	to 30/6/2015
Subordinating loan interest – Note (14.2)	3 191 492	5 897 023	2 593 626	5 162 117
Current account interest  Total	1 170 526	2 190 587	1 101 890	2 225 451
1 otal	4 362 018	8 087 610	3 695 516	7 387 568

### 21. Administrative and general expenses

	merar expenses			
	For the	e period	For the	period
	from 1/4/2016	from 1/1/2016	from 1/4/2015	from 1/1/2015
	to 30/6/2016	to 30/6/2016	to 30/6/2015	to 30/6/2015
Wages, salaries and similar items	34 929 245	68 738 785	25 229 477	49 175 461
Consultancy fees	13 109 728	35 095 902	8 091 534	10 698 958
Advertising and public relations	3 518 124	7 804 459	2 406 510	5 428 927
Travel, accommodation and transportations	3 558 847	5 529 691	1 959 068	4 636 054
Management fees – Note (22)		<b>~~</b> ••	(828 674)	
Donations	3 399 333	6 531 433	2 000 000	4 120 000
Other expenses	6 965 768	11 778 661	6 871 396	13 095 022
Total	65 481 045	135 478 931	45 729 311	
, W			.0 727 311	87 154 422

### 22. Management fee

The Company's extraordinary general assembly meeting held on May 12, 2008 approved the management contract with Citadel Capital Partners Ltd. (the principal shareholder of -24.36%) which states that Citadel Capital Partners Ltd. provides management duties for fee based on 10% of the net annual profit available for distribution. This agreement shall remain in effect as long as Citadel Capital Partners owns 15% or more preferred shares.

### 23. Tax status

#### Corporate tax

The Company submitted its tax returns on regular basis for the years from 2005 to 2015 according to tax law No. 91/2005. The Company's books have not been inspected yet.

#### Salaries tax

The Company deducts the salaries tax according to tax law no. 91/2005 and the Company's books inspected for the period from launch till the date of 31/12/2009 but the authority did not inform the Company with results yet. And the years from 2010/2014 have not been inspected yet.

#### Stamp tax

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The Company was inspected till July 31, 2006 and paid all the accrued amounts according to the Internal Committee decision and for the period from August 1, 2006 to December 31, 2014 has been inspected and the dispute has transferred to Internal Committee in the Authority and 2014 has not been inspected vet.

#### Withholding tax

The Company applies the withholding tax provisions on its transactions with private sector according to tax law No. 91/2005 and no tax inspection for withholding tax has taken place yet.

### 24. Earnings per share

		For th	e period	For th	e period
j		from 1/4/2016	from 1/1/2016	from 1/4/2015	from 1/1/201!
]		to 30/6/2016	to 30/6/2016	to 30/6/2015	to 30/6/2015
	Net loss for the period (EGP)	(14 293 107)	(47 075 143)	(41 702 840)	
1	The weighted average number of shares	,	(17 073 143)	(41 702 842)	(34 244 777
1	including the preferred shares with same				
	distribution rights as ordinary shares	_1 820 000 000	1 820 000 000	1 600 000 000	
ī	Basic earnings per share			1 600 000 000	1 600 000 000
		(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.02)

### 25. Employees Stock Option Plan

- The Company's extraordinary meeting held on February 20, 2008 approved to add a new article to the Company Article of Association to adopt a plan or more to motivate employees, managers and executive board of directors Employees Stock Option Plan (ESOP) in accordance with decision no. (282) for year 2005 which modified executive regulation for the law No. 159 / 1981.
- On June 22, 2008 the Capital Market Authority approved the ESOP plan and the Company did not start to apply it.

### 26. Commitment and liabilities

The company guarantee some of the related companies against the loans and facilities these companies taken from banks.

### 27. Financial instruments and management of related risks:

The Company's financial instruments are represented in the financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets include cash balances and debtors while financial liabilities include creditors. (Note 29) of notes to the separate interim financial statements includes significant accounting policies applied regarding basis of recognition and measurement of the important financial instruments and related revenues and expenses. The following are the significant risks related to those financial instruments and the policies and procedures followed by the company to reduce the effect of these risks:

#### 27.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party will fail to discharge his obligation and cause the other party to incur financial loss. The financial assets representing amounts due from related parties & other investments. Strict credit control is maintained and further appropriate level of impairment loss is made. The credit risk on financial instrument by ensuring that investments are made only after careful credit evaluation for these assets.

### 27.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is represented in the factors, which may affect the Company's ability to pay part of or full amount of its liabilities. According to the Company's policy, sufficient cash balances are retained to meet the Company's current liabilities which minimize the liquidity risk.

#### 27.3 Market risk

### A- Foreign currencies risk

The foreign currencies exchange risk represents the risk of fluctuation in exchange rates, which in turn affects the Company's cash inflows and outflows as well as the value of its assets and liabilities in foreign currencies. Assets and liabilities that have foreign currency position at the financial position date equivalent to EGP 303 423 631 and EGP 271 297 742 respectively and net foreign currencies balances at the financial position date are as follows:

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Foreign currencies	Surplus (deficit)
US.\$	56 393 080
Euro	(23 881 362)
GBP	(385 829)

 As disclosed in (Note 29.1), the Company has used the prevailing exchange rates to revaluate monetary assets and liabilities at the financial position date.

#### B- Interest rate risk

The Company's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. As the market dictates, the Company sometimes borrows at variable rates leaving certain exposure to changes in interest rate risk.

#### C- Price risk

The Company is exposed to market price risk on equity instrument and according to the Company's investment policy, the following procedures are undertaken to reduce the effect of this risk.

- Performing the necessary studies before investment decision in order to verify that investment is made in potential securities.
- Diversification of investments in different sectors and industries.
- Performing continuous studies required to follow up the Company's investments and their development.

### 27.4 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the management's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns to the benefits to the Company's shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, management may adjust the amount of distribution paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Management monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as current portion of long term loans, trade payable and due to related parties plus long term loans as shown on the statement of financial position less cash and cash equivalents.

The gearing ratios at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	below and the state of the stat	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Liabilities		
Due to related parties	197 897 745	312 704 669
Current portion of long term loans	1 525 632 470	1 410 403 839
Due to Tax Authority	139 531 026	77 460 457
Other credit balances	190 743 059	107 106 646
Expected claims provision	228 260 176	231 190 676
Long term loans	615 972 254	541 666 693
Total	2 898 036 730	2 680 532 980
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(218 062 901)	
Net debt	2 679 973 829	(223 289 232)
Total equity		2 457 243 748
• •	8 385 266 184	<u>8 433 805 638</u>
Gearing ratio	32 %	29%

### 28. Comparative figures

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Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation

	Balance as at 31/12/2015 (as previously reported)	Reclassification	Balance as at 31/12/2015 (as reclassified)
Due from related parties	1 161 317 108	(10 039 155)	1 151 277 953
Due to related parties	383 075 085	(10 039 155)	373 035 930
Retained loss *	807 717 020	(50 479 869)	757 237 151
Loans to subsidiaries *	462 064 803	50 479 869	512 544 672

<sup>\*</sup> The company has stopped recognizing the accrued interest on loans to subsidiary (National Company for Development and Trade) due to the expiry of the two loans on December 28, 2014 and September 21, 2015 (Note 14-1). On December 31, 2015 the company claimed the accrued interest for the period from the loan contracts maturity date through December 31, 2015 and subsequently, National Company for Development and Trade has adjusted its books with the accrued interest for this period and recognized an amount of US.\$ 5 691 079 (equivalent to EGP 50 479 869).

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### 29. Significant accounting policies applied

The following accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company to all periods presented in these separate financial statements.

### 29.1 Foreign currency transactions

The Company maintains its accounts in Egyptian pounds. Transactions dominated in foreign currencies are translated at foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities dominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at that date. The foreign currency exchange differences arising on the translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in the separate income statement.

### 29.2 Fixed assets depreciation

### 29-2-1 Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of certain items of property, plant and equipment. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 29-2-2 Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

#### 29-2-3 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, and is generally recognized in profit or loss. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

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Assets depreciation	Estimated useful life
Buildings & Constructions	20 years
Computers	2-3 years
Furniture, Fixtures, Electric Equipment	4 years
Vehicles	4 years

- Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

### 29.3 Projects under construction

Projects under construction are recognized initially at cost. Cost includes all expenditures directly attributable to bring the asset to a working condition for its intended use. Property and equipment under construction are transferred to property and equipment caption when they are completed and are ready for their intended use.

### 29.4 Gains and losses from disposal of fixed assets

Gains and losses from disposal of fixed assets are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds of assets to its net book value, resulted gain and losses recorded in the separate income statements.

#### 29.5 Investments

### 29.5.1 Investments at fair value through income statement

An investment classified as at fair value through income statement if it held for trading or designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial investments designated at fair value through income statement if the Company manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value. Upon initial recognition, attributable transaction costs recognized in income statement when incurred. Financial instruments at fair value through income statement measured at fair value, and changes therein recognized in income statement.

### 29.5.2 Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale investments are valued at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss being recognized in equity, except for impairment losses (Note 29.6) which is recognized in the income statement. When these investments are derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized directly in equity is recognized in the income statement. The fair value of investments available-for-sale identifies, based on quoted price of the exchange market at the balance sheet date, investments that are not quoted, and whose fair value cannot be measured reliably are valued by an accepted valuation techniques including the use of new objective techniques or discounted cash flow analysis or option pricing models or other valuation techniques — if the company cannot estimate the fair value, it can be stated at cost less impairment loss.

#### 29.5.3 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries stated at cost less impairment (Note 29.6). At each balance sheet date, management assesses the investments' recoverable amount and in case that the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount then an impairment loss is recognized in the income statement.

#### 29.6 Impairment of assets

#### 29.6.1 Financial assets

A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. An impairment loss in respect of an available-for-sale financial asset calculated by reference to its current fair value.

- Individually significant financial assets tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. All impairment losses recognized in income statement. Any cumulative loss in respect of an available-for-sale financial asset recognized previously in equity transferred to income statement.
- An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. For financial assets measured at amortized cost and available-for-sale financial assets that are debt securities, the reversal recognized in income statement. For available-for-sale financial assets that are equity securities, the reversal recognized directly in equity.

### 29.6.2 Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that largely are independent from other assets and groups. Impairment losses are recognized in income statement.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less cost to sell.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

### 29.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent includes the balances, which maturity not exceeding three months from the date of acquisition. At the balance sheet date the balances are represented in cash on hand and banks-current accounts. The separate statement of cash flow has been prepared by the indirect method.

### 29.8 Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognized initially at fair value less attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, Interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the income statement over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

#### 29.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it's probable that a flow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Provisions are reviewed at the balance sheet date and amended (when necessary) to represent the best current estimate.

#### 29.10 Legal reserve

The Company's Statutes provides for deduction of a sum equal to 5% of the annual net profit for formation of the legal reserve. Such deduction will be stopped when the total reserve reaches an amount equal to half of the Company's issued capital and when the reserve falls below this limit, it shall be necessary to resume the deduction.

### 29.11 Issued capital

### 29.11.1 Repurchase of share capital

When share capital recognized as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, including directly attributable cost, is recognized as a change in equity.

Repurchased shares are classified as treasury stock and presented as a deduction from total equity.

#### 29.11.2 Dividends

Dividends are recognized as a liability in the period in which they are declared.

### 29.12 Share-based payments

For equity-settled share-based payment transactions, the entity shall measure the goods or services received, and the corresponding increase in equity, directly, at the fair value of the goods or services received, unless that fair value cannot be estimated reliably. If the entity cannot estimate reliably the fair value of the goods or services received, the entity shall measure their value, and the corresponding increase in equity, indirectly, by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted.

The entity shall settle the grant of equity instruments during the vesting period with the amount that would otherwise have been recognized for services received. The entity accounted for any settlements as a deduction from equity based on the final share price when the options are exercised.

### 29.13 Financial instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its exposure to interest rate risks arising from operational, financial and investment activities. Derivatives are recognized initially at fair value; attributable transaction costs are recognized in income statement when incurred and at the balance sheet date, the changes in fair value include as follows:-

Changes in the fair value of the derivative hedging instrument designated as a cash flow hedge are recognized directly in equity to the extent that the hedge is effective. To the extent that the hedge is ineffective, changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

If the hedging instrument no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, expires, sold, terminated or exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity remains there until the forecast transaction occurs. When the hedged item is a non-financial asset, the amount recognized in equity is transferred to the carrying amount of the asset when it is recognized. In other cases the amount recognized in equity is transferred to profit or loss in the same period that the hedged item affects profit or loss.

#### 29.14 Lending

Loans are stated at cost less any impairment losses in its value and the Company revaluates the loans at each balance sheet date, in case of impairment in the redeemable value of the loan less than its book value the loan is impaired by the value of impairment loss and recognized in income statement.

#### 29.15 Revenues

Revenues comprise the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Revenue is shown net of sales tax, rebates, and discounts.

The Company recognises revenues when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities as described below. The Company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction, and the specifics of each arrangement.

### 29.15.1 Gains (losses) on sale of investments

Gains (losses) resulted from sale of financial investments & investments property are recognized on transaction date and measured by the difference between cost and selling price less selling commission and expenses.

#### 29.15.2 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized in the income statement at the date that the Company has rights to receive dividends from investments and occurred after the acquisition date.

#### 29.15.3 Management fee

Management fee is calculated based on agreed percentage in accordance with contract term with a managed companies using accrual basis of accounting.

### 29.15.4 Advisory fee

Advisory fee is calculated based on agreed percentage in accordance with contract term with a managed companies using accrual basis of accounting.

### 29.15.5 Interest income

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis to take into account effective yield on the asset.

#### 29.16 Expenses

#### 29.16.1 Interest expense

Interest expense on interest - bearing borrowing is recognized in the income statement during the period the company was charged these expenses using the effective interest rate method.

### 29.16.2 Employees pension

The Company contributes to the government social insurance system for the benefit of its personnel in accordance with the social insurance law. Under this law, the employees and the employers contribute into the system on a fixed percentage-of-salaries basis. The Company's liability is confined to the amount of its contribution only. Contributions are charged to income statement using the accrual basis of accounting.

#### 29.16.3 Income tax

- Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.
  - Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.
- Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected

manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the financial position date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

#### 29.17 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

### 29.18 Profit sharing to employees

The Company pays 10% of its cash dividends as profit sharing to its employees provided that it will not exceed total employees annual salaries. Profit sharing is recognized as a dividend distribution through equity and as a liability when approved by the Company's shareholders.

### 30. Initial application of new Egyptian Accounting Standards "EAS"

New versions and amendments on the Egyptian Accounting Standards has been activated as at 1/1/2016:

During 2015, A modified version of the Egyptian Accounting Standards "EAS" was issued, these standards involves some of the new accounting standards and adjustments to be applied for the financial periods that starts after the first of January, 2016 knowing that the early application of these standards is not allowed This and will review in the following table the most important amendments on the Egyptian Accounting Standards that may have a significant impact on the company's separate interim financial statements of the company:

## New or amended standards

#### **EAS (1)**

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Presentation of Financial Statements

# Summary of the most significant amendments

# • The standard does not require

- to present the working capital presentation.

  The reference financial statements that was included in 2006 standards was excluded; which presented the working capital presentation.
- A column shall be added to the statement of financial position including balances of the beginning of the first presented comparative period in case of retrospective implementation or change in an accounting policy or reclassification carried out by the entity.

# Impact on the financial statements

 All the presented financial statements have been representing, disclosures and their accompanying notes including the comparative figures to be in conformity with the amendments to the standard.

Comprehensive Income
The entity shall disclose all recognized income and expense captions during the financial period in two separate statements; one of them presents the profit or loss components (Income Statement) and the other one starts with the profit or loss and presents the other comprehensive income items (Statement of

Income Statement / Statement of

 Added a new statement,
 'Statement of Comprehensive Income', for the current and comparative period was added

Comprehensive Income).

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_	New or amended standards	Summary of the most significant amendments	Impact on the financial statements
<u>EAS</u> Prop Equi	(10) erty, Plant and pment (PPE)	<ul> <li>The financial shall disclose amount movement of the PPE and its depreciations in the notes accompanying the financial statements at the beginning and the end of the current period and</li> </ul>	The comparative figures related to the PPE in the not accompanying the financial statements have been represented to be in conform
		the comparable period.	with the required amendmen on the standard.
		<ul> <li>The option of using the revaluation model in the subsequent measurement of PPE has been canceled</li> </ul>	The amendment on the standard has no impact on the figures presented in the
<b>.</b>			financial statements
Egypt Fair V	ian Standard No. (45) Value Measurement	Standard No. (45) "Fair Value	Proactive application of the standard was carried out on the
		Measurement" was issued and shall be applied when another	preparation of the financial
		standard requires or allows measurement or disclosure to be	statements starting from 2016 including the disclosures required by the standard.
		made at fair value. This standard aims the following:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		(a) Defining the fair value. (b) Laying down a framework to	
		measure the fair value in one standard.	
		(c) Identifying the disclosure required for the fair value	
		measurements.	
EAS (4	0) al instruments:	A new Egyptian Accounting	Retroactive amendment to all
Disclos		mattuttetita.	the comparative figures of the presented disclosures were
		all the disclosures required for the	carried out.
		financial instruments. Accordingly, EAS (25) was	
		amended by separating the disclosures from it. The name of the standard became "Financial	
		Instruments: Presentation" instead of	
		"Financial Instruments: Presentation" and Disclosures"	

Presentation" and Disclosures".